

#### **EDUCATION ON CALL**

# Colds and the Flu

If there's one thing kids seem to have no trouble sharing, it's their germs. In fact, most children will come down with 8-10 colds before their 2nd birthday. Here are some steps you can take to help your child feel better when they have a cold or the flu.





# Clear head and chest congestion

Plain saline (salt water) nose drops can help clear a stuffy nose. For babies, use a suction bulb or nasal aspirator to remove mucus after using the drops. To loosen mucus in the chest, gently tap on your child's back. At night, place a cool-mist humidifier near your child's bed.



# Soothe cough and sore throat

Chicken soup or other warm liquids can soothe an irritated throat. Children ages 4 and up can also use cough drops or throat lozenges. For coughs, try honey if your child is older than 1 year.



#### **Prevent dehydration**

Have your child drink lots of fluids. If they refuse, try popsicles. For babies, offer extra formula or milk throughout the day. Continue to breastfeed baby even if you have a cold to pass on your own virus-preventive antibodies.



## Call the pediatrician

If your child is older than 3 months, call the doctor if they are having trouble breathing, being unusually tired or cranky, acting abnormal, or have a fever higher than 102°F. For babies under 3 months old, call the doctor at the first sign of symptoms.

## Is it a cold or the flu?

Cold	Flu
<ul> <li>Symptoms come on gradually and last 2-14 days</li> <li>Mild symptoms <ul> <li>Runny or stuffy nose</li> <li>Fatigue</li> <li>Cough</li> <li>Muscle aches</li> <li>Headache</li> <li>Sore throat</li> <li>Sneezing and watery eyes</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Intense symptoms come on quickly and last 2-7 days (cough and fatigue may linger for weeks)  • Fever (usually over 101°F) • Stuffy nose • Extreme fatigue • Dry cough • Headache  Intense symptoms come on quickly and last 2-7 days • Muscles aches, chills, and sweats • Nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea (sometimes) • Loss of appetite

Although colds usually go away on their own and don't lead to anything more serious, it's always a good idea to talk to your child's doctor if you have any questions or concerns.



**To help protect your kids** over age 6 months from illness, get a flu vaccination for them and all others in your household for whom it is appropriate.

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